## Rapidity distributions of $\pi^{\pm}$ , $K^{\pm}$ and p ( $\bar{p}$ ) in p+p and d+Au collisions at 200 GeV

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The rapidity density dN/dy of produced particles is strongly related to the energy density in a collision system. Net-proton rapidity distribution are related to the baryon transfer process (stopping). The measurement of the rapidity densities in various collision systems, like p+p, d+Au collisions are presented. The scaling of the rapidity density by the number of participants ( $\langle N_{part} \rangle$ ) involved in different types of collisions may reveal different physics at mid-rapidity and forward rapidities, e.g. comparison of the net-proton rapidity density in the central Au+Au collisions with smaller control systems such as d+Au and p+p could help us understand the baryon transport in these systems. Rapidity densities of identified charged hadrons ( $\pi^{\pm}$ , K<sup>±</sup> and p ( $\bar{p}$ )) and net-protons measured by the BRAHMS experiment in different systems are compared to each other and to model predictions.

## References

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